



Human IgM ELISA Kit

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Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information.
Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

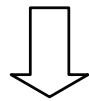
The datasheet is only a first information.
The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

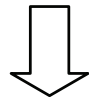
Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

Add 50 μ l of Standard/ Sample per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



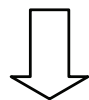
Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Biotinylated Antibody per well.
Incubate 1 hour.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
SP Conjugate per well.
Incubate 30 minutes.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Chromogen Substrate per well.
Incubate 10 minutes.



Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well.
Read at 450 nm immediately.

AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin M (IgM) ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EI7301-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

Human Immunoglobulin M (IgM) is a large mushroom-shaped antibody against A and B antigens on red blood cells and is produced by B cells (1). It forms a pentamer or a hexamer in serum and also a monomer on B cell surface. Each of the five monomers has a molecular mass of 180 kDa, consists of two light and two heavy chains, and a joining J chain required for the synthesis of the pentamer (2, 3). Upon an exposure to an acute infection, IgM is the predominant antibody produced to fight the foreign red blood cell antigen. It activates complement and agglutinates red blood cells. IgM is the first immunoglobulin made by the fetus and by B cells when stimulated by antigens (4, 5). It does not pass across the human placenta due to its large size. Elevated IgM indicates viral hepatitis infection and primary biliary cirrhosis (6-8). IgM is a useful tool in the diagnosis of infectious diseases.

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin M (IgM) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human IgM in plasma, serum, urine, saliva, milk, CSF, and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures human IgM in less than 4 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for human IgM has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. IgM in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized polyclonal antibody and biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for human IgM, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- **Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.**

- **Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.**
- **Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.**
- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

Reagents

- **Human IgM Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against IgM.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human IgM Standard:** Human IgM in a buffered protein base (700 ng, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Human IgM Antibody (50x):** A 50-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against human IgM (140 μ l).
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (80 μ l).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μ l, 20-200, 200-1000 μ l, and multiple channel pipettes).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store samples at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:60000 into MIX Diluent or within the range of 1:30000 to 1:120000, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as an anticoagulant).
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes and remove serum. Dilute samples 1:60000 into MIX Diluent and assay or within the range of 1:30000 to 1:120000, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Urine:** Collect urine using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:4 into MIX Diluent or within the range of 1:2 to 1:20, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Saliva:** Collect saliva using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:200 into MIX Diluent or within the range of 1:100 to 1:400, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Milk:** Collect milk using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:2000 into MIX Diluent or within the range of 1:1000 to 1:4000, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **CSF:** Collect cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute Dilute samples 1:200 into MIX Diluent or within the range of 1:50 to 1:800, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -80°C for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the MIX Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- **Standard Curve:** Reconstitute the 700 ng (147 mU) of Human IgM Standard with 3.5 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a 200 ng/ml (42 mU/ml) standard solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (200 ng/ml) 1:2 with MIX Diluent to produce 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25, 3.125, and 1.563 ng/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	[IgM] (ng/ml)	[IgM] (mU/ml)
P1	1 part Standard (200 ng/ml) + 1 part MIX Diluent	100.0	21.00
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part MIX Diluent	50.00	10.50
P3	1 part P2 + 1 part MIX Diluent	25.00	5.250
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part MIX Diluent	12.50	2.625
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part MIX Diluent	6.250	1.313
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part MIX Diluent	3.125	0.656
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part MIX Diluent	1.563	0.328
P8	MIX Diluent	0.000	0.000

- **Biotinylated Human IgM Antibody (50x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, standard solutions, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.

- Add 50 μ l of Human IgM Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 μ l of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 μ l of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 μ l of Biotinylated Human IgM Antibody to each well and incubate for 1 hour.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm **immediately**. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

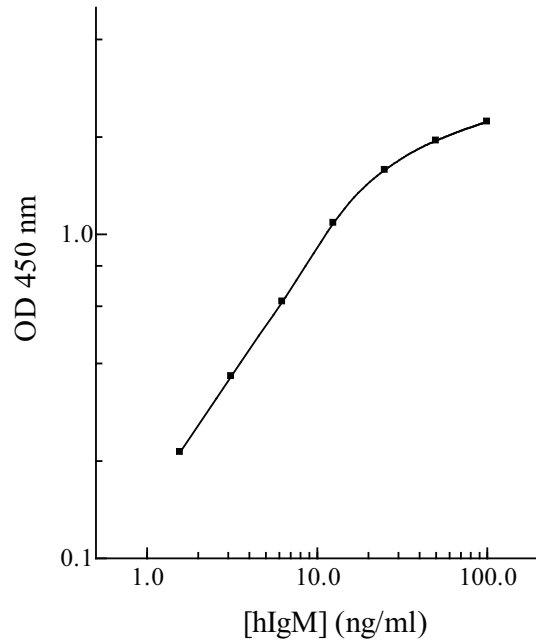
Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

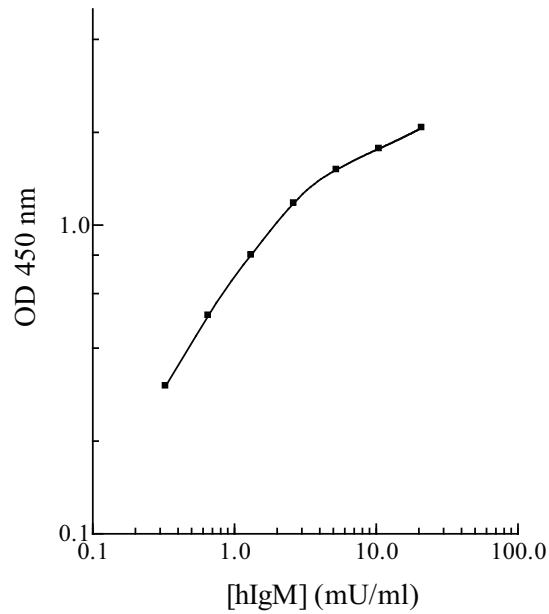
Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Human IgM Standard Curve



Human IgM Standard Curve



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of IgM is typically ~ 1.5 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.9% and 7.2% respectively.
- **Kit standard has been calibrated against WHO International Standard.**

Linearity

	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
Sample Dilution	Plasma	Serum
1:30000	89%	88%
1:60000	99%	97%
1:120000	106%	104%

	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
Sample Dilution	Milk	
1:1000	91%	
1:2000	98%	
1:4000	106%	

	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
Sample Dilution	Urine	
1:2	85%	
1:4	98%	
1:8	105%	

	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
Sample Dilution	Saliva	
1:100	84%	
1:200	97%	
1:400	103%	

Recovery

Standard Added Value	3.13 – 50 ng/ml
Recovery %	85 – 115%
Average Recovery %	97%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Canine	None
Bovine	None
Monkey	<5%
Mouse	None
Rat	None
Swine	None
Rabbit	None
Human	100%
Immunoglobulins	% Cross Reactivity
IgM	100%
IgA	None
IgA1	None
IgA2	None
IgG1	1%
IgG2	None
IgG3	1%
IgG4	1%
IgD	2%
IgE	None

Reference Value

- Normal human IgM plasma levels range from 0.4 to 2.3 mg/ml.

References

- (1) Czajkowsky DM and Shao Z (2009) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 106(35):14960-14965
- (2) Niles MJ *et al.* (1995) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92(7):2884-2888
- (3) Vangelista L *et al.* (2002) *Protein Engineering* 15(1):51-57
- (4) Morgan-Capner P *et al.* (1985) *Prenat. Diagn.* 5(1):21-26
- (5) Asma GE *et al.* (1984) *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 56(2):407-414
- (6) Clemens JM *et al.* (1992) *Blood* 79(1):169-172
- (7) Thomas HC *et al.* (1978) *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 31:150-157
- (8) Mendel-Hartvig I *et al.* (1987) *Int Arch Allergy Appl Immunol.* 83(3):265-270

Version 1.9

Related Products

- EI7201-1 AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin G3 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EI7001-1 AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin A ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EI7200-1 AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin G ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EI7800-1 AssayMax Human Immunoglobulin D ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)